The ANU Observer Incorporated
Financial Report for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

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COMMERCE PROPERTY

Your committee members submit the financial report of The ANU Observer Inc. for the financial year ended 30 November 2019.

Committee Members

The names of committee members throughout the year and at the date of this report are:

Eliza Croft

Chair & Editor

Aishwarya Venkat

Secretary

Julian Lee

Treasurer

Adelle Millhouse

Council Member

Konstantinos Katsanis

Council Member

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were to provide accurate, detailed, and timely coverage of ANU events.

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Operating Result

The surplus for the 2019 financial year amounted to \$18,612 (2018: \$3,712 surplus).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the members of the committee.

Konstantinos Katsanis

Hayley Hands

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THE ANU OBSERVER INCORPORATED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
INCOME	•	
Grants received	38,980	31,745
Merchandise sales	130	100
	39,110	31,845
EXPENDITURE		
Administration costs	1,315	132
Advertisement & marketing	(₩)	889
Depreciation expense	1,155	1,512
Event expenses	1,351	1,350
Meeting expenses	500	599
Office supplies	1,018	, =
Printing, postage & stationery	82	403
Rent	861	
Salaries & wages	13,700	22,429
Subscriptions	276	341
Sundry expenses	-	209
Website expenses	240	269
	20,498	28,133
Net current year surplus/(deficit)	18,612	3,712
Retained surplus at the beginning of the financial year	3,712	(# 0
Retained surplus at the end of the financial year	22,324	3,712

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES STATEMENT AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2019

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES STATEMENT			
	Note	2019 \$	2018 \$
ASSETS		Ф	Φ
CURRENT ASSETS			
	2	23,019	7,819
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	3	23,019 3,594	7,019
Prepayments	3	3,594	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		26,613	7,819
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		20,013	7,019
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,142	1,428
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	7	1,142	1,428
TOTAL ASSETS		27,755	9,247
LIABILITIES		27,755	9,241
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		762	
Unspent grants	5	5,431	5,535
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	J	5,431	5,535
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,731	3,333
Other Non-Current Liabilities		_	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,431	5,535
NET ASSETS		22,324	3,712
MEMBERS' FUNDS		=======================================	0,112
Capital reserve		172	9
Retained surplus		22,324	3,712
TOTAL MEMBERS' FUNDS		22,324	3,712
TOTAL MEMBERS FUNDS		22,324	3,712
		Members'	Total
		Funds	Equity
		\$	\$
Balance at 1 December 2017		<u> =</u>	¥ .
Net Surplus/(Loss) for the year		3,712	3,712
Balance at 30 November 2018		3,712	3,712
Balance at 1 December 2018		3,712	3,712
Net Surplus/(Loss) for the year		18,612	18,612
Balance at 30 November 2019		22,324	22,324

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are special purpose financial statements prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporations Act 1991 (ACT). The committee has determined that the association is not a reporting entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs. It does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated specifically, current valuations of non-current assets.

The following significant accounting policies, which are consistent with the previous period unless stated otherwise, have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.

a. Income Tax

The Association is exempt from Income Tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

b. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Leasehold improvements and office equipment are carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation.

The depreciable amount of all PPE is depreciated over the useful lives of the assets to the association commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

c. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the committee reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

d. Employee Provisions

Provision is made for the association's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee provisions have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, where applicable.

e. **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the association has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

f. Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

g. Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from donors. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

h. Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Deferred consideration is not discounted to present values when recognising revenue.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Grant and donation income is recognised when the entity obtains control over the funds, which is generally at the time of receipt.

If conditions are attached to the grant that must be satisfied before the association is eligible to receive the contribution, recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

i. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the assets and liabilities statement.

j. Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Accounts payable and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the association during the reporting period that remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	∂ ≔	*
Cash at bank – CBA #2583	2,319	7,819
Cash at bank – CBA #9714	20,700	×
Total cash on hand	23,019	7,819
NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND OTHER DEBTORS	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Trade debtors	3,594	
	3,594	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

NOTE 4: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	2019	2018
Plant & Equipment	\$	\$
(a) Film/photography equipment		
At cost	2,693	2,643
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,551)	(1,215)
	1,142	1,428
(b) Office equipment		
At cost	1,117	297
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,117)	(297)
	12	-
Total property, plant and equipment	1,142	1,428
NOTE 5: UNSPENT GRANTS	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Unspent grants - 2017	2	1,025
Unspent grants - 2018	431	4,510
Unspent grants - 2019	5,000	540
	5,431	5,535

NOTE 6: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Committee members during the year ended 30 November 2019 are detailed in the 'Committee Report'. No committee member receives any remuneration from the Association, however, expenses are reimbursed once adequate documentation has been provided.

NOTE 7: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no known contingent liabilities at the date of this report that should be disclosed in the financial report.

NOTE 8: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There are no events subsequent to the reporting date that have a material impact on the financial report.

NOTE 9: ASSOCIATION

The ANU Observer Incorporated is incorporated in the Australian Capital Territory and complies with the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991.

NOTE 10: ASSOCIATION DETAILS

The principal place of business of the Association is: 25 Childers Street Acton, ACT 2601

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In accordance with a resolution of the committee of the ANU Observer Incorporated, the members of the Committee declare that:

- the financial statements as set out on pages 4 8 present a true and fair view of the financial position of the ANU Observer Incorporated as at 30 November 2019 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991 (ACT); and
- at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the ANU Observer Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is signed for and on behalf of the committee by:
Lamborton
Konstantinos Katsanis
2 Onder Dard
Hayley Hands
Dated: 2.6/11/20

An Australian Capital Territory Partnership



THE ANU OBSERVER INCORPORATED INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ANU OBSERVER INCORPORATED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The ANU Observer Inc. (the association), which comprises the assets and liabilities statement as at 30 November 2018, the income and expenditure statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the certification by members of the committee on the annual statements giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the association.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the association as at 30 November 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991 (ACT).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist the association to meet the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991 (ACT). As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Committee for the Financial Report

The committee is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991 (ACT) and for such internal control as the committee determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee is responsible for assessing the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee either intends to liquidate the association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

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Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

PARTNERS: Ross Di Bartolo B.A (Accounting). FCA George Diamond B.Ec. FCA John Mihailaros B.Comm (Accounting). FCA Stephen Agarwal B.Sc. M.Tax. CA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ANU OBSERVER INCORPORATED

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PKF Canberra

John Mihailaros

Dated: 26/11/2020

Partner



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

TO THE EXECUTIVE MEMBERS OF THE ANU OBSERVER INCORPORATED

We declare that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 November 2019 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

PKF Canberra

John Mihallaros

Partner

Dated: 26/11/2020

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